## Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Tool Training





DC Pro 3: Tools to Profile and Assess Data Center Energy Efficiency

Sean Morash, Energetics
Dale Sartor, LBNL
Neil Wright, Kemtah
Garrett Speck, Kemtah

April14, 2015



## **Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Tool Training**



Welcome! This Webinar will give some background for the development of the Data Center Profiler tool and the team that will be maintaining it before demonstrating the updates to the tool.

http://vsecorp.adobeconnect.com/dcprov3-webinars/

Call in: 1-888-513-3298

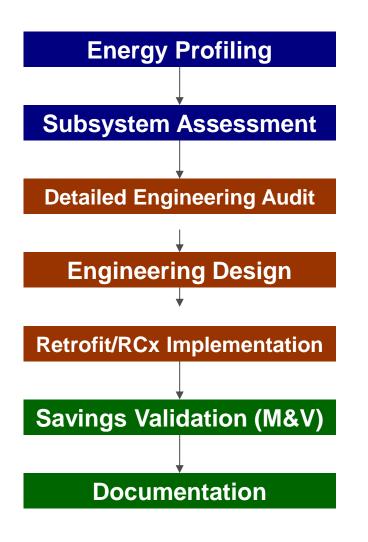
Passcode: 02734184

Before we begin:

- Please do NOT put the call on hold.
- All lines have been muted. To unmute yourself, press \*1, or submit questions through the chat dialogue box.

## **DC Pro Supports Initial Assessment**





DC Pro and assessment Tools can be used to identify and prioritize efficiency opportunities

Profiling and assessments conducted by agency staff or consultants

Audits, design and implementation by engineering firms and contractors

M&V by site personnel and eng. firms DC Pro tools used to document results, track performance improvements, and disseminate best practices

## **DC Pro Development Team**



- Sponsored by the U.S. Department of Energy
- Core Development Team for DCPro 3
  - LBNL
  - ANCIS
  - Integral Group
  - Kemtah (software)
- Wide array of reviewers
  - Data center owners
  - Design professionals
  - Product manufacturers

## DC Pro Profiling Tool



#### **INPUTS**

Description

Utility bill data

System information

IT

Cooling

Power

On-site gen



#### **OUTPUTS**

Overall efficiency (PUE)

**End-use breakout** 

Potential areas for energy efficiency improvement

Overall energy use reduction potential

## **Profiling and Assessment Tools**



- Profiling Tool: Profiling
  - Establish baseline and efficiency potential
  - Document recommended actions and potential savings
  - Few hours effort for data entry
- Assessment tools: More detailed sub-system assessments
  - Air management and power chain tools to address major sub-systems
  - Provides savings estimates for efficiency actions
  - 3-5 day effort

## **Data Center Energy Assessment Tools**



More accurate overall energy performance (baseline) of data center

A list of energy efficiency actions

Air management

Environmental Criteria

Configuration

**Power Chain** 

**UPS** 

Distribution

**Future Tools** 

ΙT

**HVAC** 

## **Data Confidentiality**

All input data is treated as confidential.

 DC Pro aggregated and anonymous data can be used to inform DOE on the uptake of best practices in the industry.

Your data is not available to other users.



## Center of Expertise Site

http://datacenters.lbl.gov

## DC Pro Profiling Tool

http://datacenters.lbl.gov/dcpro/

## Data Center Assessment Tools

http://datacenters.lbl.gov/tools

## FEMP Data Center Website

http://www1.eere.energy.gov/femp/program/data\_center.html



# CENTER OF EXPERTISE

#### FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN DATA CENTERS







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"While information technology (IT) is improving the efficiency of government, energy use in data centers is growing at a significantly faster rate than any other building segment..."

A new Department of Energy-led CENTER of EXPERTISE will demonstrate national leadership in decreasing the energy use of data centers. The Center will partner with key influential public and private stakeholders. It will supply know-how, tools, best practices, analyses, and the introduction of technologies to assist Federal agencies with implementing policies and developing data center energy efficiency projects.



#### Initiatives

The Data Center Energy Challenge will require participating Federal agencies and other data center owners to establish an efficiency goal for their data centers...

MORE DETAILS



#### Resources

The Center's activities will include establishing metrics, providing technical assistance to agencies piloting innovative measurement and management approaches...

MORE DETAILS

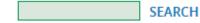
## Data Center Energy Challenge





# CENTER OF EXPERTISE

FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN DATA CENTERS









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#### **All Initiatives**

Data Center Energy Challenge

Measure & Manage

#### Initiatives

#### **Data Center Energy Challenge**

The Challenge will focus on improving the energy efficiency of core Federal enterprise data centers by 20% by 2020 through the implementation of best practices, including improvements when consolidating non-core centers.

#### Measure and Manage

The Measure and Manage Initiative encourages data center stake holders to overcome barriers related to benchmarking energy use and equipment utilization within data centers.

## Data Center Energy Challenge











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All Initiatives

Better Buildings Data Center Energy Challenge

Measure & Manage



#### Better Buildings Data Center Energy Challenge

The Better Buildings Data Center Energy Challenge will require participating Federal agencies and other data center owners to establish an efficiency goal for their data centers, and to report and improve upon their performance, through metrics, such as Power Utilization Effectiveness (PUE). The Challenge will focus on improving the energy efficiency of core Federal enterprise data centers by 20% by 2020 through the implementation of best practices, including improvements when consolidating noncore centers. The Center of Expertise will provide implementation guidance to Federal Agencies on best practices. It will: set up a protocol to track progress, analyze the progress, and make recommendations for improvements. The Center of Expertise will work to develop capacity within



private industry to provide tools useful to both the Federal and private sectors that answer the Challenge.

The Center of Expertise will be located at the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL). LBNL has long been recognized by industry as a leading source for technical expertise on energy efficiency in data centers. The Center will partner with public and private organizations to advance joint initiatives benefiting both sectors; whereby the adoption and deployment of energy efficient technologies and best practices serves as a "new normal" for data center facilities managers.

If the same best practices are adopted across the country, the estimated benefit would be an avoided 12 billion KWh/year. To embark on these prospective savings, the Center of Expertise is planning two initiatives for FY 2013-2014, the Data Center Energy Challenge and a Measure and Manage Energy Program

#### Links:

DOE Better Buildings Data Centers Challenge

## Federal Partnership for Green Data Centers



# Data Center Partners in the Better Buildings Challenge



The Partnership focuses on improving the energy efficiency of data centers by at least 20% within 10 years through the implementation of best practices, including improvements when consolidating.

## Challenge site:

http://datacenters.lbl.gov/initiatives/data-center-energy-challenge

For more information contact Sean Morash at <a href="mailto:sean.morash@ee.doe.gov">sean.morash@ee.doe.gov</a>



## DCPro3

# Tools to Profile and Assess Data Center Energy Efficiency

**Tool Demonstration** 

Neil Wright Kemtah Inc.











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Documents Presentations Tools Links	Technologies Type Cooling Best Practices Apply Reset DCIM Case Studies General Demonstrations IT Links Power Presentations Reports Tools			
	Title	Files and Links		
	Direct Liquid Cooling For Electronic Equipment Report on the demonstration of direct liquid cooling for electronic equipment. Cisco C200 M3 servers were retrofitted with the Asetek direct cooling technology.	d Direct Liquid Cooling		
	Data Center Profiler Offline Executable	DCProOffline.exe		
	Best Practices for Data Center Energy Efficiency - Bangalore, India 2012	₫ Sartor 9-20-2012		
	Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP) Data Centers	FEMP Data Centers		
	Worldwide Electricity Use in Data Centers  This study estimates historical electricity used by data centers worldwide and regionally on the basis of more detailed data than were available for previous assessments, including electricity used by servers, data centern communications, and storage eq	☑ Data Center Energy Use 2008		
	PUE: A Comprehensive Examination of the Metric This document allows executives to gain a high level of understanding of the concepts surrounding PUE, while providing in-depth application knowledge and resources to those implementing and reporting data center metrics.	The Green Grid - Examination of PUE		











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#### **Assessment Resources**

These assessment resources are designed to help data center professionals identify energy-saving measures that are most likely to yield the greatest energy savings.

## Data Center Maturity Model Assessment Tool

The Data Center Maturity Model (DCMM) touches upon every aspect of the data center including power, cooling, compute, storage, and networking. In addition, the levels of the model outline current best practices and a 5-year roadmap for the industry.

#### Datacenter Electrical Power Chain Assessment Tool

This tool is designed to help datacenter owners assess the potential savings from efficiency actions in the electrical power chain of a data center i.e. transformers, generators, UPSs, PDUs, and power supplies.

#### **Free Cooling Calculator**

Based on environmental factors, and variables related to datacenter cooling infrastructure and IT energy use, this tool calculates potential savings attributable to the use of free cooling.

#### Data Center Air Management Tool

 $\label{lem:continuous} \mbox{Air management in Data Centers is important for both energy and thermal management.}$ 

#### **Data Center Profiler**

Companies can use the Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) to identify and evaluate energy efficiency opportunities in data centers.

#### **ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager**

Benchmarking the energy performance of your buildings is a key first step to understanding and reducing energy consumption and your carbon footprint.

[Log In]

The Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Software Tool can be used by federal agencies to identify and evaluate energy efficiency opportunities in data centers. DC Pro features advanced data center profiling algorithms and system assessment tools developed in conjunction with data center experts at Lawrence Berkeley National Lab that allow users to perform energy assessments on specific areas of a data center.

#### DC PRO HIGHLIGHTS



#### **Data Center Energy Profiles**

Identify and evaluate opportunities for improved energy and operational efficiency in data centers.



#### **Estimate Data Center PUE**

Generate Power Usage Effectiveness (PUE) estimates to assist with data center benchmarking and optimization.



#### **Optimization Recommendations**

Generate a list of project recommendations that provide guidance on data center best practices.



#### **Cost Savings**

Assess energy-related cost savings opportunities and prioritize based on ROI indicators for economic, environmental or social benefits.



#### **Federal Compliance**

Address federal agency compliance requirements associated with EO 13514 and Federal Data Center Optimization.



#### **GET STARTED**



DC Pro / Data Center Energy Practitioner Courses, Seminars, and Webinars



Login or Register and begin using DC Pro

#### RESOURCES

- User Manual
- Training Presentation

- . DC Pro Master List of Actions
- DC Pro Calculations Manual



## DOE DC-Pro3 Profiling Tool for Data Centers:

#### User's Manual

Version 4.0 (November 07, 2014)

The User's Manual and the DC-Pro tool were developed by Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) for the US Department of Energy (DOE)

For questions and additional information, contact the Center of Expertise for Energy Efficiency in Data Centers

#### Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Tool Training





## DC Pro 3: Tools to Profile and Assess Data Center Energy Efficiency



Sean Morash, Energetics Dale Sartor, LBNL Neil Wright, Kemtah Garrett Speck, Kemtah

April 14, 2015



femplenetgy.gov

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### Data Center

## Master List of Energy Efficiency Measures

Sep. 19, 2014

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High Level List	6			
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EM-003: Assign an Energy Manager	7			
EM-004: Engage Upper Management with a Compelling Life-Cycle Cost Case	7			
EM-005: Implement an Energy Measurement and Calibration Program	7			
EM-008: Review Full System Operation and Efficiency on a Regular Basis	8			
EM-009: Install Monitoring Equipment to Measure System Efficiency and Performance	8			
EM-010: Raise Awareness and Develop Understanding Among Data Center Staff about the Financial an				
EM-011: Train / Raise Awareness of Data Center Designers in the Latest Energy Management Best Prac	ctices			
EM-014: Implement a Continuous Commissioning Plan	8			
EM-015: Create Project Integration Team	8			
EM-016: Use metrics to measure efficiency	9			
EM-017: Benchmark performance	9			



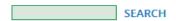
## "DC Pro" Data Center On-Line Profiling Tool

## Calculation Reference Manual

This manual describes DC Pro v3.0.

July 28, 2014











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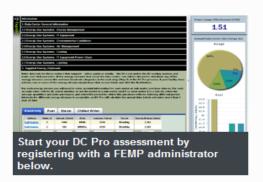
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#### GET STARTED



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#### Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Software Tool

#### Create a New Account

[Log In]

Use the form below to create a new account.

Select a User Name:

User Name:

Next



#### Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Software Tool

#### **Create a New Account**

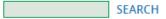
Use the form below to create a new account.

Passwords are required to be a minimum of 6 characters in length and 1 non-alphanumeric characters.

Account Information ———				
User Name:	х			
Password:		Confirm Password:		
Security Question:		Security Answer:		
First Name:		Last Name:		
E-mail:				
Address:				
Address 2:				
City:		State:	Select State	▼
Zip Code:				
Phone:		Ext:		
Organization:				
Agency Category:	Select a Category	•		
Comments to Admin:				
			.:1	

Create User











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#### Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Software Tool

#### Log In



If you are using Internet Explorer, you may need to allow both "Ibl.gov" and "54.86.8.76" in your Privacy settings.

(Internet Options > Privacy > Sites)

Please enter your username and password. Register if you don't have an account.

Please click here if you have forgotten your password.

-Account Information —						
Username:						
Password:						

Log In

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#### Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Software Tool

**Data Center Explorer** 

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LBNL Test DC - California

Welcome rmahdavi! [ Change Password ] [Admin] [ Log Out ]



#### How to use the tools on this page?



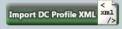
To begin performing an assessment, navigate the Data Center Explorer on the left side of the page and select a Data Center.

If your Data Center is not listed, please Click Here to add it.

Once selected, you should first add a new DC Profile instance or modify an existing one.



If you have created a Profile using the Data Center Profiler Software Tool, you may export your existing profile to XML, and Import the assessment using the Import DC Profile XML button.



Completing a DC Profile instance will generate a set of associated recommended tasks. To view the tasks for an existing instance, click the Task button in the Actions column above.



You may delete any Profile using the Delete button in the Actions column. 🍒



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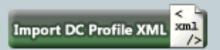
New data center Button

If your Data Center is not listed, please Click Here to add it.

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Task Button

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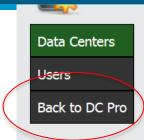
Delete Button



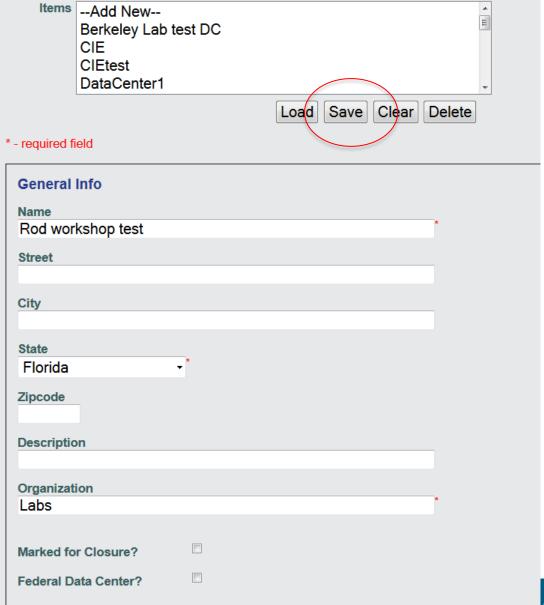
You may delete any Profile using the Delete button in the Actions column.

X

Data Centers Users Back to DC Pro	Add New Berkeley Lab test DC CIE CIEtest DataCenter1	<b>(III)</b>
		Load Save Clear Delete
	* - required field	
	General Info	
	Name Rod workshop test Street	•
	City	
	State Florida	
	Zipcode	
	Description	
	Organization Labs	•
	Marked for Closure?	
	Federal Data Center?	



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#### Data Center Profiler (DC Pro) Software Tool

**Data Center Explorer** 

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BNL Test DC - California



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LBNL Test DC - California

Rod workshop test



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**DC Profiles** 



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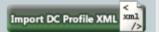
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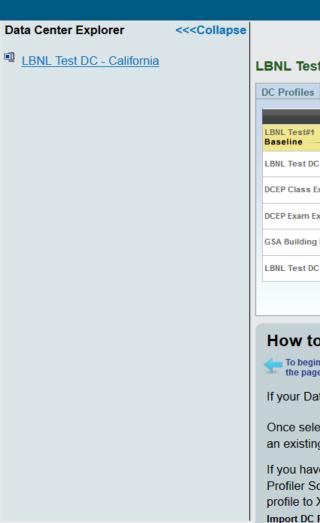


Welcome rmahdavi! [ Change Password ] [Admin] [ Log Out ]

Assessment Home: Rod workshop test Profile | Case: (Baseline) Information Power Usage Effectiveness (PUE) Either click on one of the headers to go to those questions, Infinity or click on the 'Continue' button to be taken to the next set of questions. Annual Data Center Site Energy Use By clicking on the 'Previous' or 'Next' Section buttons, you will have the option to save your profile and you will be able to exit the application without losing your data. Usage Items with a Light background contribute to the PUE calculation. Please make sure to answer all of them to get a more accurate calculation. Clicking on a ② will give you more information about the selected row. A \* signifies a required field. This is required in order for the report to save, and only exists in the first section. Is this a Federal Data Center? Continue 1.1 Data Center General Information Equipment Lights 2.1 Energy Use Systems - Energy Management Electric Fans Cooling 2.2 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment 2.3 Energy Use Systems - Environmental Conditions Cost 0.05 2.4 Energy Use Systems - Air Management 2.5 Energy Use Systems - Cooling 2.6 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment Power Chain 0.025 2.7 Energy Use Systems - Lighting 3. Supplied Energy (Optional) hilled Water 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional) Steam 5. Results

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#### LBNL Test DC - California



Case Name		Last Updated	Status	Actions
LBNL Test#1 Baseline	3.12	2/28/2014	Completed	
LBNL Test DC - California-Rod 6/19/13	1.68	12/2/2013	Completed	
DCEP Class Example	2.77	7/31/2013	Completed	
DCEP Exam Example	1.51	2/28/2014	Completed	
GSA Building R	2.09	3/18/2014	Completed	
LBNL Test DC - California	1.75	9/13/2013	Archived	

#### How to use the tools on this page?

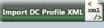
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#### California

#### LBNL Test DC - California



l	DC Profiles					
		Case Name	PUE	Last Updated	Status	Actions
	LBNL Test#1 Baseline		3.12	2/28/2014	Completed	N N
	LBNL Test DC - 0	California-Rod 6/19/13	1.68	12/2/2013	Completed	
	DCEP Class Exar	nple	2.77	7/31/2013	Completed	
	DCEP Exam Exan	n <del>ple</del>	1.51	2/28/2014	Completed	× ×
	GSA Building R		2.09	3/18/2014	Completed	
	LBNL Test DC - 0	California	1.75	9/13/2013	Archived	
			Î	nport DC Profile )	KML ×ml />	Add DC Profile

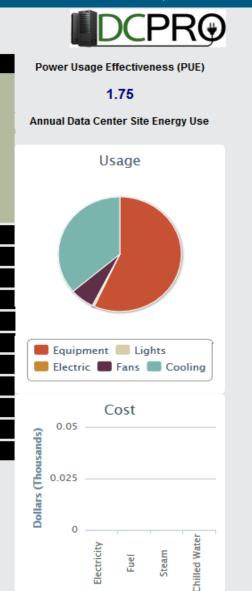
## How to use the tools on this page?



To begin performing an assessment, navigate the Data Center Explorer on the left side of the page and select a Data Center.

If your Data Center is not listed, please Click Here to add it.

Assessment Home: LBNL Test DC - California Profile | Case: LBNL Test DC - California





Archived Profile - Read-only.

No changes will be saved.

To continue editing, click the button at the bottom of the page to create a new profile as a copy of the current profile.

Is this a Federal Data Center?

Continue

#### 1.1 Data Center General Information

- 2.1 Energy Use Systems Energy Management
- 2.2 Energy Use Systems IT Equipment
- 2.3 Energy Use Systems Environmental Conditions
- 2.4 Energy Use Systems Air Management
- 2.5 Energy Use Systems Cooling
- 2.6 Energy Use Systems IT Equipment Power Chain
- 2.7 Energy Use Systems Lighting
- 3. Supplied Energy (Optional)
- 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional)
- 5. Results

Create New Profile Based On This One

# Assessment Home: LBNL Test DC - California Profile | Case: GSA Building R

#### Information

>>

Either click on one of the headers to go to those questions, or click on the 'Continue' button to be taken to the next set of questions.

By clicking on the 'Previous' or 'Next' Section buttons, you will have the option to save your profile and you will be able to exit the application without losing your data.

Items with a Light background contribute to the PUE calculation. Please make sure to answer all of them to get a more accurate calculation.

Clip g on a will give you more information about the selected row.

A \* signifies a required field. This is required in order for the report to save, and only exists in the first section.

Is this a Federal Data Center?

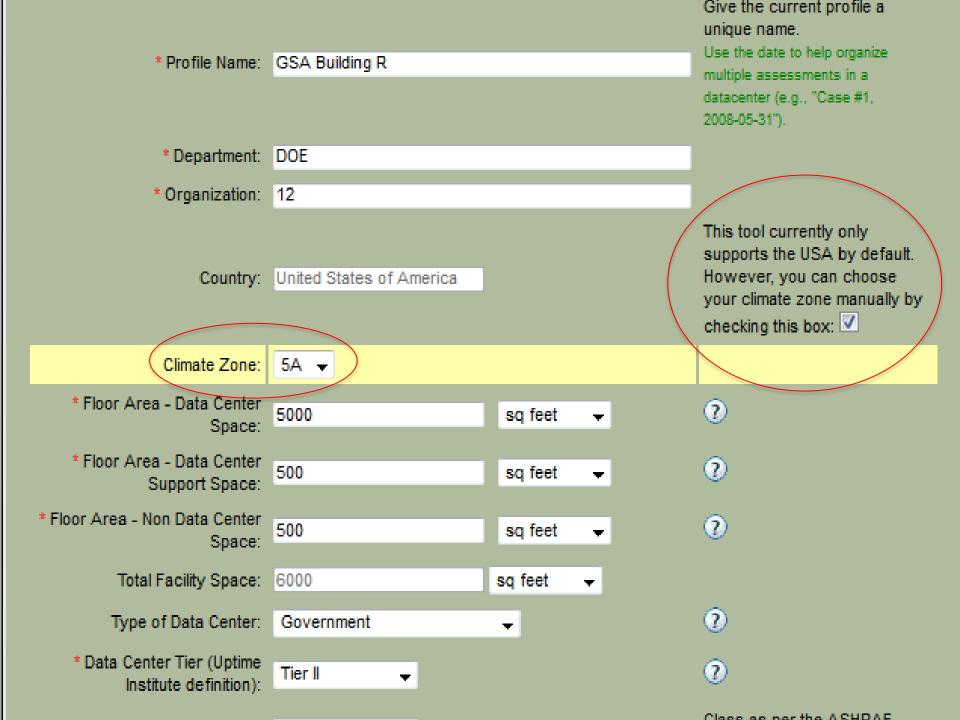
Continue

#### 1.1 Data Center General Information

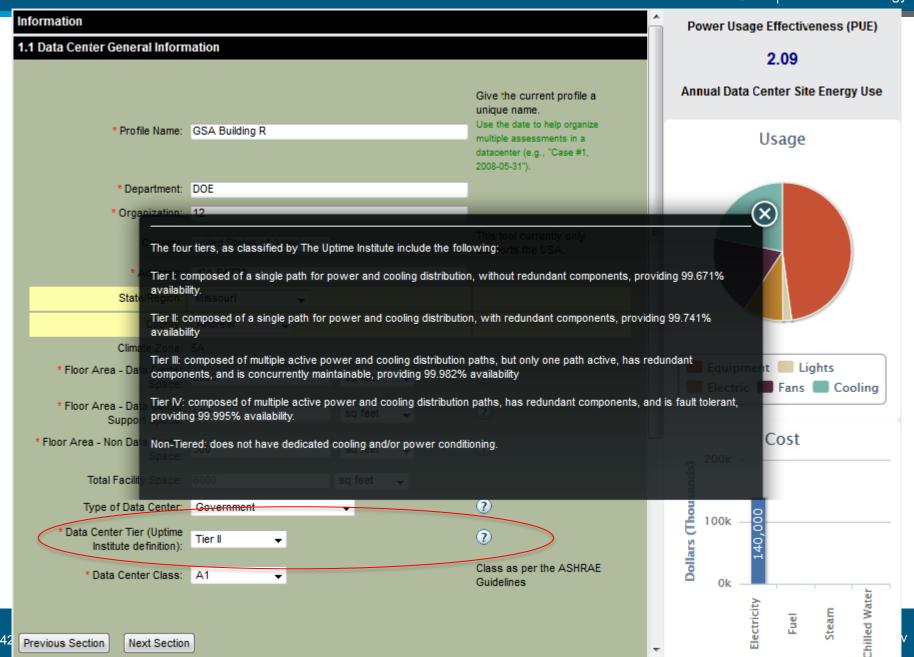
Assessment Home: LBNL Test DC - California Profile | Case: GSA Building R >> Information Power Usage Effectiveness (PUE) Either click on one of the headers to go to those questions, 2.09 or click on the 'Continue' button to be taken to the next set of questions. Annual Data Center Site Energy Use By clicking on the 'Save and Continue' button, your profile will be saved and you will be able to exit the application without losing your data. Items with a Light background contribute to the PUE calculation. Please make sure to answer all of them to get a Usage more accurate calculation. Clicking on a will give you more information about the selected row. A \* signifies a required field. This is required in order for the report to save, and only exists in the first section. Is this a Federal Data Center? Continue 1.1 Data Center General Information 1.2 Federal Data Center Consolidation Intiative (FDCCI) Equipment 🔲 Lights Electric Facs Cooling 2.1 Energy Use Systems - Energy Management 2.2 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment 2.3 Energy Use Systems - Environmental Conditions Cost 200k 2.4 Energy Use Systems - Air Management Dollars (Thousands) 2.5 Energy Use Systems - Cooling 2.6 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment Power Chain 100k 2.7 Energy Use Systems - Lighting 3. Supplied Energy (Optional) Chilled Water 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional) Steam 5. Results Finish with the Profile | Print Profile | Archive Profile | Generate Recommended Tasks

#### 1.1 Data Center General Information

			Give the current profile a unique name.  Use the date to help organize
* Profile Name:	GSA Building R		multiple assessments in a
			datacenter (e.g., "Case #1, 2008-05-31").
* Department:	DOE		
* Organization:			
			This tool currently only supports the USA by default.
Country:	United States of America		However, you can choose your climate zone manually by
			checking this box:
* Address:	CA 94720		
State/Region:	Missouri ▼		
County:	Andrew ▼		
Climate Zone:	5A		
* Floor Area - Data Center Space:	5000	sq feet ▼	?
* Floor Area - Data Center			
Support Space:	500	sq feet ▼	•
* Floor Area - Non Data Center Space:	500	sq feet →	<b>?</b>
·	6000	an fact	
Total Facility Space:	6000	sq feet ▼	_
Type of Data Center:	Government	<b>-</b>	<b>②</b>
* Data Center Tier (Uptime Institute definition):	Tier II →		•
* Data Center Class:	A1 <b>▼</b>		Class as per the ASHRAE Guidelines



Class	IT equipment type	Recommended operating range	Allowable operating range	Maximum dew point	Environmental control
A1	Enterprise servers, storage products	18° to 27° C [1]	15 to 32° C [2]	17º C	Tightly controlled
A2	Volume servers, storage products, personal computers, workstations	Same as above	10 to 35° C [2]	21º C	Some control
АЗ	Volume servers, storage products, personal computers, workstations	Same as above	5 to 40° C [3]	24º C	Some control
A4	Volume servers, storage products, personal computers, workstations	Same as above	5 to 45° C [4]	24º C	Some control



Information 1.1 Data Center General Information Give the current profile a unique name. \* Profile Name: GSA Building R Use the date to help organize multiple assessments in a datacenter (e.g., "Case #1, 2008-05-31"). \* Department: DOE \* Organization: 12 This tool currently only supports Country: United States of America Ξ the USA. CA 94720 \* Address: State/Region: Missouri County: Andre Climate Zone: 5A Would you like to save your data before you continue? Yes No \* Floor Area - Data Center Space: \* Floor Area - Data Center Support Space: \* Floor Area - Non Data Center 500 (2) sq feet Space: Total Facility Space: 6000 sq feet (2) Type of Data Center: Government • \* Data Center Tier (Uptime (2) Tier II Institute definition): Class as per the ASHRAE \* Data Center Class: A1 Guidelines

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4.3 Fodoral Data Contar Connellidation Intiative (FDCCI)

# 2.1 Energy Use Systems - Energy Management

Has an energy audit been conducted within the last 2 years? 

OYes ONo

Is there a written energy management plan? Yes No

Is there an energy measurement and calibration program in place?

Is there a preventative maintenance program in place?

Over No.

Previous Section Next Section

### 2.2 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment

#### 2.2 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment

Do you measure and track IT Yes No equipment(storage, server and network) utilization? Do you have a process for identifying ○Yes ○ No abandoned/un-used servers and taking them offline? What is the average age at which you replace 4 Years your servers? Are you using virtualization to consolidate your ○Yes ○ No. server workloads? How extensive is your storage consolidation? 1% to 50% ✓ More than one production tier What storage tiers have you implemented? Archiving tier (mark all that apply) Near-line storage Have you implemented storage optimization techniques such as thin provisioning, ○Yes ○ No. incremental snapshots, or de-duplication?

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## 2.3 Energy Use Systems - Environmental Conditions

What is a typical (average) air temperature leaving the cooling coils (supply)?	60F (16C) <b>▼</b>	2
What is a typical (average) air temperature entering the cooling coils (return)?	70F (21C) ▼	
What is the typical (average) IT equipment intake air temperature?	65F (18C) ▼	?
What is the typical (average) IT equipment exhaust air temperature?	75F (24C) ▼	?
Adopted IT Intake Air Temperature, Maximum:	65F (18C) ▼	Per ASHRAE 2011.
Are the cooling system temperature sensors measuring air conditions that are representative of the IT equipment intake air conditions?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No	Also include humidity sensors, if any are present.
Does your air management scheme, your economizing system (if present), and your IT equipment allow your data center to operate near the ASHRAE max Recommended IT equipment intake temperature, and occasionally between the ASHRAE max Recommended and max Allowable intake temperature (per your data center Class) during 100% mechanical cooling?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No	

Do you have active, working humidification controls?	○Yes	2	
Do you have active, working dehumidification controls?	©Yes <b>⊚</b> No	<b>②</b>	
Are the current cooling system high and/or low humidity limit setpoints for the IT intake air tighter than the ASHRAE Recommended limits for your data center Class?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No	<b>②</b>	
Do CRAC/H units have centralized (networked) or distributed controls?	Distributed ▼	<b>②</b>	
Are CRAC/Hs fighting each other (for example, simultaneously humidifying and dehumidifying)?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No	<b>?</b>	
Do the cooling system controls allow you to apply correction factors (Slope and Offset) to the signals from the temperature and humidity sensors?	○Yes		
Previous Section Next Section  2.4 Energy Use Systems - Air Managem	ont		

## 2.4 Energy Use Systems - Air Management

Can your adopted Recommended IT equipment intake air condition be maintained if you turn off one or more selected CRAC/H units?	○Yes ◎ No	
Is there any supplemental cooling?	None	<b>.</b> ②
Does the CRAC/CRAH/AHU have a free cooling coil (water side economizer)?	©Yes <b>◎</b> No	<b>②</b>
Is there air-side free cooling?	⊚Yes <b>©</b> No	2
Air Supply Path	Underfloor Plenum ▼	<b>?</b>
Is there a floor-tightness (sealing leaks) program in place?	⊙Yes <sup>⊚</sup> No	<b>②</b>
Degree of sealing for cable penetrations?	Poor to None ▼	<b>?</b>
Is the cable build-up in the floor plenum or the over-head plenum more than 1/3 of the plenum height?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No	2
Is there program in place for regularly managing cables to allow unobstructed air flow?	○Yes <b>◎</b> No	<b>②</b>
Degree that IT equipment is arranged in	Fair 🔻	

Is there a rack/lineup-tightness (using blanking panels) program in place?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No		
Degree of current implementation of alternating hot and cold aisles?	Fair ▼		
Degree that blanking panels are in place?	Poor to None 🔻		
Where is the supply placed?	Cold Aisles Only		
Is there a diffuser/tile-location (to conserve hot and cold aisles) program in place?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No		
Degree to which hot and cold aisles are currently fully enclosed?	Fair ▼		
What kind of supply fans are in use?	Constant Speed	VSD = Variable Speed Drive	
Do some areas of the data center have load densities that are more than 4 times the average load density?	○Yes ●No	?	
Is the air-delivery system balanced to ensure correct airflow rates?	○Yes ● No	?	
Is there an air-balancing (allow proper airflow distribution) program in place?	○Yes <sup>②</sup> No	?	

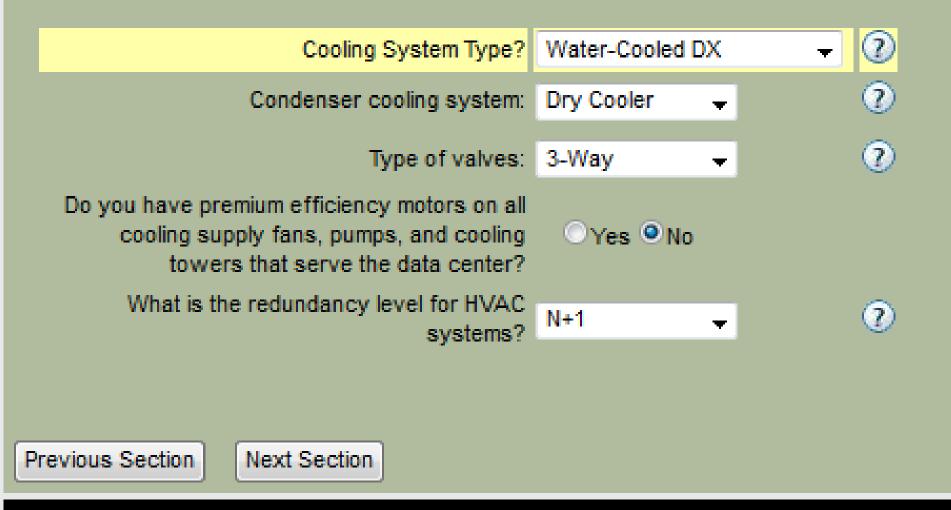
49 2.5 Energy Use Systems - Cooling

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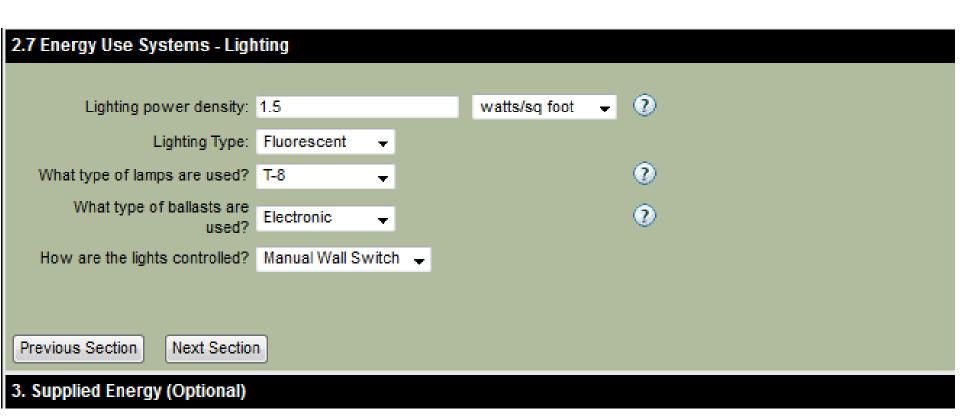
# 2.5 Energy Use Systems - Cooling



2.6 Energy Use Systems - IT Equipment Power Chain

Is there an Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)?	⊚Yes ○No	If a UPS exists but is not used, answer No.
UPS Technology Type:	Double Conversion 🔻	
UPS Size (kVA):	225 ▼	
UPS Voltage:	480 ▼	
What is the average load factor per active UPS module?	40% to 49% ▼	2
UPS Redundancy Configuration	N 🔻	<b>?</b>
Is there a standby generator?	●Yes ○No	•
Standby Generator Power Configuration:	N 🔻	
is there a generator block heater?	●Yes ○No	
Is there a thermostat on the generator block heater?	○Yes <sup>●</sup> No	
Are there PDUs with built-in transformers?	●Yes ○No	<b>?</b>
What are the types of MV and LV transformer(s)?	Temp rise 80C ▼	<b>②</b>
Average Load Factor per Active PDUs/Transformers?	25% to 49% ▼	•
What is the load balance between phases?	<=20% ▼	





#### 3. Supplied Energy (Optional)

Enter data only for those meters that support -- either partly or wholly -- the DC Load and/or the DC cooling system, and make sure that you enter all the energy streams that serve the data center. You will be allowed to distribute any of the energy streams across the end-use breakout categories in the next step (Step 4) of the DC Pro process. If your facility does not use one or more of the energy stream simply leave that screen blank and click the Next button.

For each energy stream you will need to enter account information for each meter or sub-meter you have data on. If you have sub-meters, make sure you do not double count energy. (Either enter the main meter or the separate sub-meters, but not both.)

Electricity	Fuel	Steam	Ch	illed Water		
<u>Options</u>	Meter ID	Use per Pe	eriod	<u>Units</u>	Cost per Period	<u>Period</u>
Edit Delete	1	2000		MWh	\$140000	Annually
Save		$\blacksquare$		¥	S	•

Previous Section Next Section

### 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional)

#### 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional)

Use these screens to allocate the annual energy use for each meter identified in Step 3 across the Energy End-Use Breakout Categories. If you do not know what the allocations are for a given meter, it is OK to skip this screen or enter estimates.

All of the energy use for a given meter does not have to be allocated to the breakout categories. If the meter serves more than just the data center, it is OK to leave a portion of the energy in the Remainder column.

Once you have entered values for your breakouts, please click the Recalculate button to get your new Totals for each category.

ı	Electr	icity F	uel	Steam	Chilled	l Wate	r								
Iotal									nergy End-Use Breakout Categories Recalculate						
	Meter ID	Annual Site Energy Use	п	Load	Light	ts	Distribu	Distribution Fans Humidity Related					Site Ene Related Cer		
ı		kWh/yr	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr		
	1	2,000,000	920000	46%	40000	2%	180000	9%	363800	18.29	420000	21%	1,923,800.		
	Totals		920,00	00 46%	40,000	2%	180,000	9%	363,800	18.2%	420,000	21%	1,923,80		

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Electi	ricity	Fuel	Steam	Chilled	d Wate	er									
	Total Annual				ş	Site Energy	End-U	e Breakou	t Catego	ories Reca	lculate				
Meter ID		IT Load Light		s	Electric Distribution Losses		Fans		Cooling & Humidity Controls		Site Energy Use Related to Data Center		Remainder (Non-Data Center Use)		
	kWh/yr	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%
1	2,000,000	920000	46%	40000	2%	180000	9%	363800	18.29	420000	21%	1,923,800.00	96.2%	76,200	3.8%
Totals		920,000	46%	40,000	2%	180,000	9%	363,800	18.2%	420,000	21%	1,923,800	96.2%	76,200	3.8%

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5. Results

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#### 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional)

Use these screens to allocate the annual energy use for each meter identified in Step 3 across the Energy End-Use Breakout Categories. If you do not know what the allocations are for a given meter, it is OK to skip this screen or enter estimates.

All of the energy use for a given meter does not have to be allocated to the breakout categories. If the meter serves more than just the data center, it is OK to leave a portion of the energy in the Remainder column.

Once you have entered values for your breakouts, please click the Recalculate button to get your new Totals for each category.

Electricity	Fuel	Steam	Chi	lled Water							
				Site Energy	Site Energy End-Use Breakout Categories Recalculate						
Meter ID		otal Annual S nergy Use	ite	Cooling & Hu Controls	umidity	Site Energy Related to Center	-		Remainder (Non-Data Center Use)		
	k	Wh/yr		kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%		
Totals					0%		0%		0%		

Previous Section

Next Section

#### 2.7 Energy Use Systems - Lighting

#### 3. Supplied Energy (Optional)

#### 4. Energy Use Distribution (Optional)

#### 5. Results

This is your customized DC Pro Summary Report.

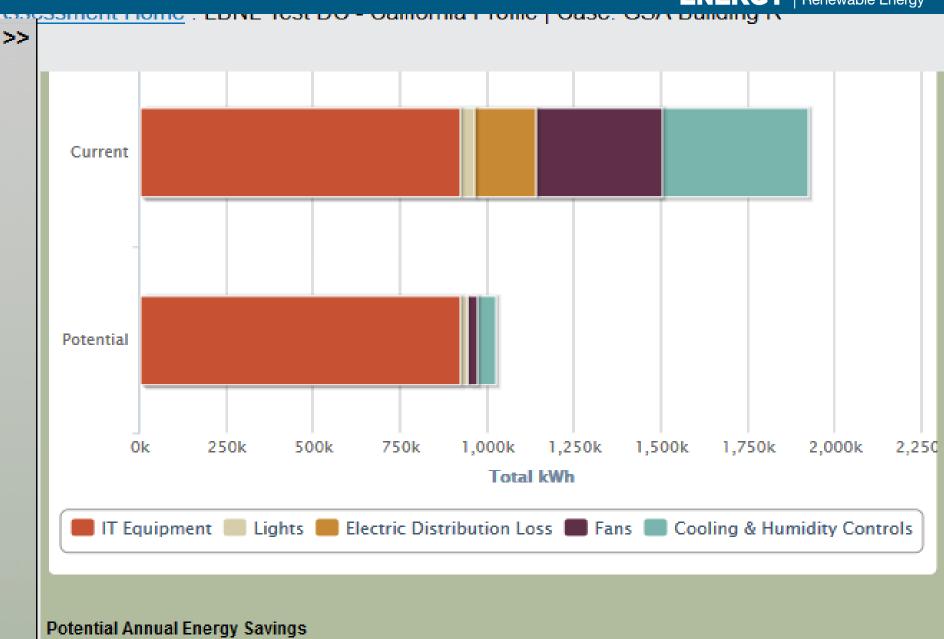
Note: The 'Annual Energy Use' and 'Potential Annual Energy Savings' tables will only have data if you entered data into Sections 3 and 4 (Supplied Energy and Energy Use Distribution).

However you can still generate the recommended actions by clicking 'Finish with the Profile' button and making sure the checkbox is checked.

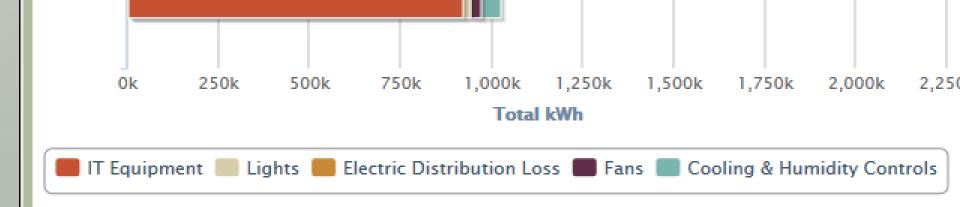
#### **Annual Energy Use**

	Total Amount (in kWh/yr)	\$/yr	\$/kWh
Electricity	1923800	\$140,000.00	\$0.07
Fuel	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
Steam	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
Chilled Water	0	\$0.00	\$0.00
Totals	1923800	\$140,000.00	\$0.07

Potential Savings

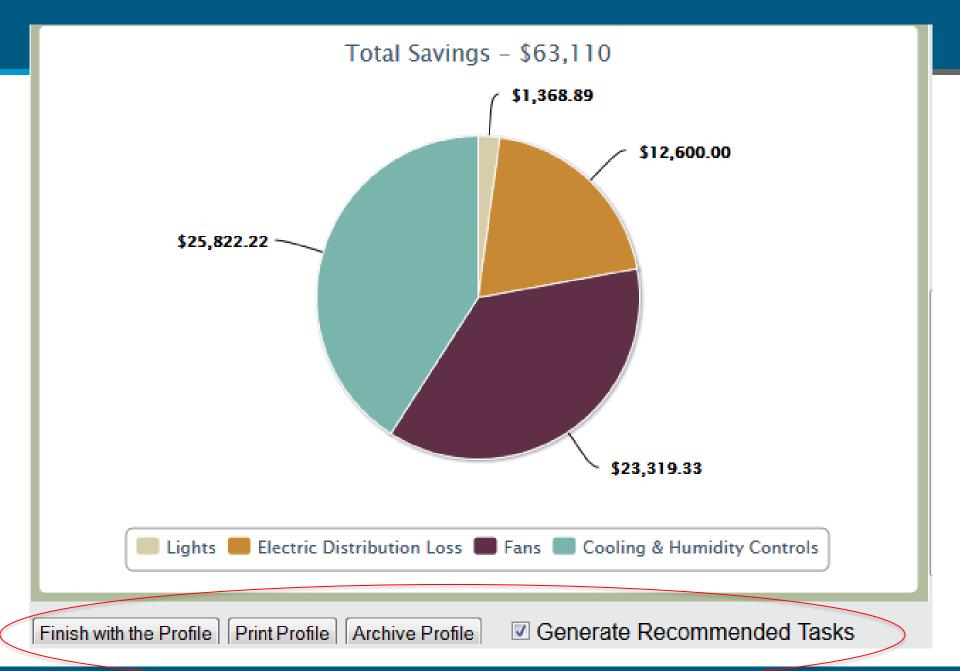


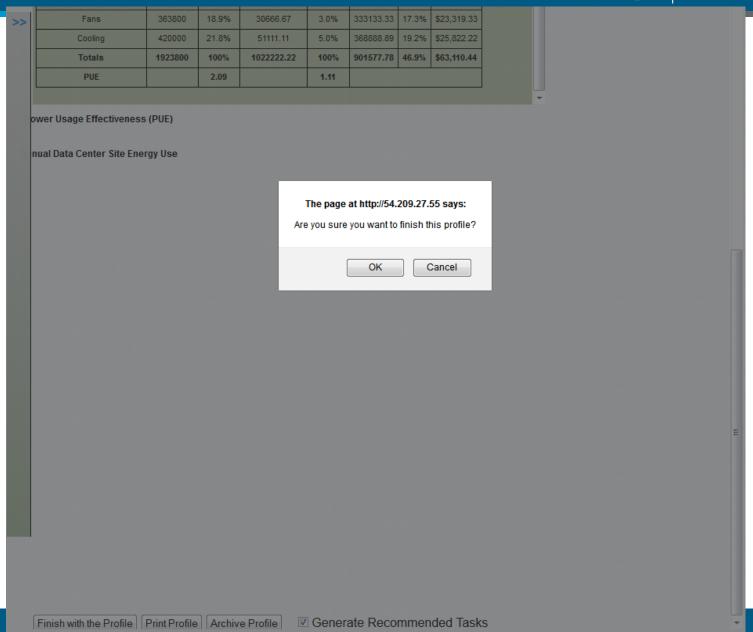
Current Energy Use | potential Francy Use ?

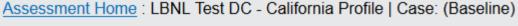


#### Potential Annual Energy Savings

Breakout Category	Current Energy Use		Potential Energy Use		Potential Savings		
,	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	kWh/yr	%	\$
IT Equipment	920000	47.8%	920000	90.0%	0	0%	\$0.00
Data Center Lights	40000	2.1%	20444.44	2.0%	19555.56	1%	\$1,368.89
Electric Distribution Losses	180000	9.4%	0	0.0%	180000	9.4%	\$12,600.00
Fans	363800	18.9%	30666.67	3.0%	333133.33	17.3%	\$23,319.33
Cooling	420000	21.8%	51111.11	5.0%	368888.89	19.2%	\$25,822.22
Totals	1923800	100%	1022222.22	100%	901577.78	46.9%	\$63,110.44
PUE		2.09		1.11			









	•		ı
		-	

Section	Task	Description
GLA1	Consider upgrading all cooling supply fan,	Premium efficiency motors are generally a few percent more e efficiency gains are modest, but the incremental first cost tend

premium efficiency.

efficient than their baseline counterparts. The ds to be low as well, especially when replacing existing motors that have reached the end of their service life. Specifying a premium efficiency motor is almost

always cost effective for applications with long or continuous runtimes. The first step towards more energy-efficient operation is to quantify how efficiently your facility is currently operating. An audit will reveal how the total energy use of the facility is distributed among the IT equipment and EM.A.1 Perform an energy audit its support systems -- power distribution, cooling, humidity control, etc. Comparing your results against public

EM.A.2

benchmark data will indicate the where the best opportunities for cost-effective improvements are. Maintaining long-term energy-efficient operation of your facility is best accomplished by creating and executing an Energy Management Plan. This plan will identify who the responsible parties are and what the energy Create an energy management plan management goals are. It will address how to collect measurements of system performance, how the data is managed and interpreted, and the process of identifying, funding, and implementing energy efficiency actions.

EM.A.3 Assign an energy manager

If your facility does not already have an Energy Manager, consider assigning one. Efforts to improve energy efficiency often falter when there is no clearly identified "champion" to lead and coordinate.

Engage the upper management with a EM.A.4 compelling life-cycle cost case

impact of energy savings

Some energy efficiency actions have little or no first cost to implement, but many others do. Even if a proposed action has a very rapid payback, management may choose not to fund it based on the cost of implementation. A clearly presented analysis of the return on investment of the proposed action will help management compare it It is often said "you can't manage what you don't measure". Identify the key parameters of your systems that indicate how well they are performing. Determine which of these parameters are already being monitored and

to alternate investment opportunities. Implement an energy measurement and EM.A.5 calibration program accurate readings.

what your recording capabilities are. Add instrumentation to capture the parameters that are currently not monitored. Finally, implement a program to regularly calibrate your sensors to ensure that you always collect Data center support systems are more likely to operate efficiently when they are kept in tune. It is often the case that a support system is meeting its nominal requirements, there are no alarm conditions, but the system is

using more energy that it was designed to. Preventive maintenance will bring these situations to light and corre-

center capacity, save money, and support the company's overall environmental goals.

EM.A.6 Conduct regular preventative maintenance them before a lot of energy waste occurs. If you do not have permanent instruments installed to measure key performance parameters, you can install Install monitoring equipment to measure temporary instruments to obtain the same information for selected periods of time. Electric power meters, chille EM.A.9

system efficiency and performance water flow meters, and temperature sensors can be quickly deployed and will quantify system performance. Raise awareness and develop Data center staff typically have a list of priorities. Maintaining continuous up-time is usually first, followed by understanding among Data Center staff providing capacity for future growth. Energy efficiency is usually third or fourth, at best. Implementing and EM.A.10 about the financial and environment preserving energy efficient operation is helped by coaching staff on how energy efficiency can increase data



	impactor onergy cannigo	Export to Excel Print Tasks
IT.A.1	Start monitoring utilization of servers, storage, and networks to determine whether there are underutilized IT assets and understand your IT capacity growth.	IT systems are often under-utilized. Servers may run at a fraction of their processing capability, data storage may be oversized and infrequently accessed, and network traffic may well below maximum transfer rates. This result in poor energy performance. Monitoring utilization rates will allow data center staff to optimize performance as the data center mission evolves.
IT.A.2	Perform an audit to ensure all operational servers are still in active use.	In a large data center that has been in operation for a while, it is common to have servers that are drawing power but no longer have any assigned tasks. Performing an audit will identify which servers are candidates for shutting down.
IT.A.3	Evaluate the potential savings from upgrading to newer equipment.	IT technology evolves rapidly, and improvements in energy performance are often provided in newer equipment. A cost-benefit analysis will reveal when it makes economic sense to replace existing equipment.
IT.A.4	Investigate using virtualization to consolidate workload and reduce the number of installed servers in your data center. Start gaining experience with new applications and replacement of end-of-life equipment.	Virtualization techniques can consolidate operations on fewer computers, permitting shutting down or eliminating some servers.
IT.A.5	Consider consolidating to network- attached (NAS or SAN) storage and using diskless servers.	Servers typically have on-board mechanical disk drives. These drives are responsible for a significant percentage of the server's total energy use, but they often have a low utilization rate. Converting to solid-state memory at the servers, or consolidating to a network-attached (NAS or SAN) data storage device may be a path to an effective energy performance improvement.
IT.A.7	Consider reducing the capacity requirements for your storage systems.	Your data storage utilization patterns may allow for storage virtualization. In other words, selected processes calbe assigned storage limits that, when summed, exceed the actual total provided storage capacity. If the needs of the individual processes for active storage are sufficiently non-coincident, the actual storage limit will rarely or never be exceeded.
EC.A.4	Place temperature/humidity sensors to a good representation of the IT equipment intake air conditions	IT equipment manufacturers design their products to operate reliably within a given range of intake temperature and humidity. The temperature and humidity limits imposed on the cooling system that serves the data center are intended to match or exceed the IT equipment specifications. However, the temperature and humidity sensors are often integral to the cooling equipment and are not located at the IT equipment intakes. The condition of the air supplied by the cooling system is often significantly different by the time it reaches the IT equipment intakes. It is usually not practical to provide sensors at the intake of every piece of IT equipment, but few representative locations can be selected. Adjusting the cooling system sensor location in order to provide the air condition that is needed at the IT equipment intake often results in more efficient operation.
AM.A.6	Implement a cable management program	Under-floor and over-head obstructions often interfere with the distribution of cooling air. Such interferences can significantly reduce the air handlers' airflow as well as negatively affect the air distribution. The cooling capacity of a raised floor depends on its effective height, which can be increased by removing obstructions that are not ir use.

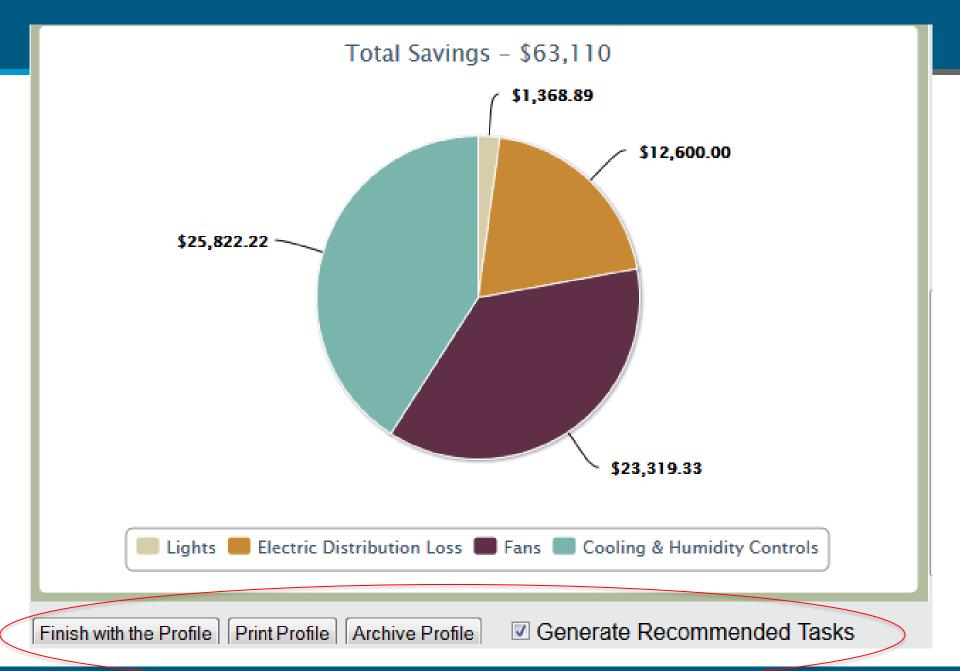




		Export to Excel
AM.A.9	Convert to variable speed fans that allow variation of airflow to meet cooling demand	
AM.A.12	Implement a tile/diffuser location program	A program should be in place to maintain the alternating hot and cold aisle configuration of perforated tiles or over-head diffusers. There should be no reason to place tiles or diffusers in the hot equipment aisles.
AM.A.17	Seal floor leaks (including cable cutouts)	
AM.A.18	Implement a floor-tightness program	Raised-floor leakage can be a significant part of the total airflow delivered by the air handler, especially in less dense and lightly populated environments. A well-maintained raised floor results in less air leakage, a higher plenum pressure, and higher flow rates through the perforated floor tiles.
AM.A.21	Use adequate ratio system flow to rack flow (target 1.0 or RTI=100%)	
AM.A.22	Balance the air-distribution system (diffusers/tiles)	Over-head ducted systems can be adequately balanced using conventional methods whereas raised-floor systems are balanced by using "enough" perforated tiles. The latter often becomes more an art rather than science, especially since the pressure difference across the floor is small.
AM.A.27	Maintain tight racks to prevent bypass of air (blanking panels & sealing between racks)	Blanking panels should be used to seal openings under and between equipment racks, between equipment shelves in partially filled racks, or completely empty racks. Managing blanking panels is especially important in hot and cold aisle environments. Blanking panels come in various heights and widths to fit almost any application, and they come in snap-on or screw-in types.
AM.A.28	Implement a rack and lineup tightness program	Any opening between the cold aisle and the hot aisle will degrade the separation of hot and cold air. A program should be in place to minimize leakage by maintaining blanking panels and unbroken lineups.
AM.A.31	Implement an air-balancing program	Generally, the supply flow should closely match the equipment flow. The Return Temperature Index (RTI) is a measure of by-pass air or recirculation air. Both are detrimental to the performance of the data center. The targe is 100% whereas >100% implies recirculation air and <100% implies by-pass air.
AM.A.38	Consider adding either an air or waterside economizer to the existing CRAH/AHU(s)	
CP.A.16	Recalibrate CWS temperature sensors.	A water-cooled chiller's efficiency is directly affected by the temperature of the condenser water (CW) entering th condenser. A higher CW supply temperature typically results in lower chiller efficiency, all other factors held equal. An out-of-calibration CW supply temperature sensor can cause the cooling towers to produce a warmer than desired CW temperature and in turn cause the chiller plant to work unnecessarily hard.
ED.A.1	If existing UPS is older than 10 years, retrofit UPS topologies for more efficient ones	UPS technology continues to evolve. If the existing UPS is scheduled for replacement, be sure to specify a high-efficiency UPS topology. If the existing UPS more than 10 years old it may be cost-effective to replace it with a new system right away.
ED.A.15	Standby Generator block heater / heater water jacket(s) (HWJ) operate with	



	(amacororatos)	science, especially since the pressure difference across the floor is small.
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ED.A.15	Standby Generator block heater / heater water jacket(s) (HWJ) operate with thermostat control	
ED.A.25	Change UPS DC capacitors if older than 5 years	The DC capacitors in typical UPS systems tend to lose effectiveness over time. This can result in the inverter failing to operate under load, and increased ripple current in the batteries. Not only does this result in less efficient operation, it becomes a safety issue as well. The DC capacitors usually have the same design lifetime as the batteries; approximately 5 years. The capacitors should be checked regularly.
LT.A.2	Install Occupancy Sensors to Control Lights	Many data centers are unoccupied for long periods of time. Controlling the data center lights with occupancy sensors directly saves lighting energy. This also reduces the heat load, saving cooling system energy.
LT.A.3	Consider converting fluorescent lights to LED	
EC.A.12	Consider raising your adopted Recommended max IT equipment intake air temperature to match or exceed the ASHRAE Recommended max for your data center Class	Caveat: Above an IT air intake temperature of around 75F, the speed of the IT equipment's internal cooling fans may increase. The energy penalty for this must be weighed against the energy savings associated with a highe IT intake air temperature.

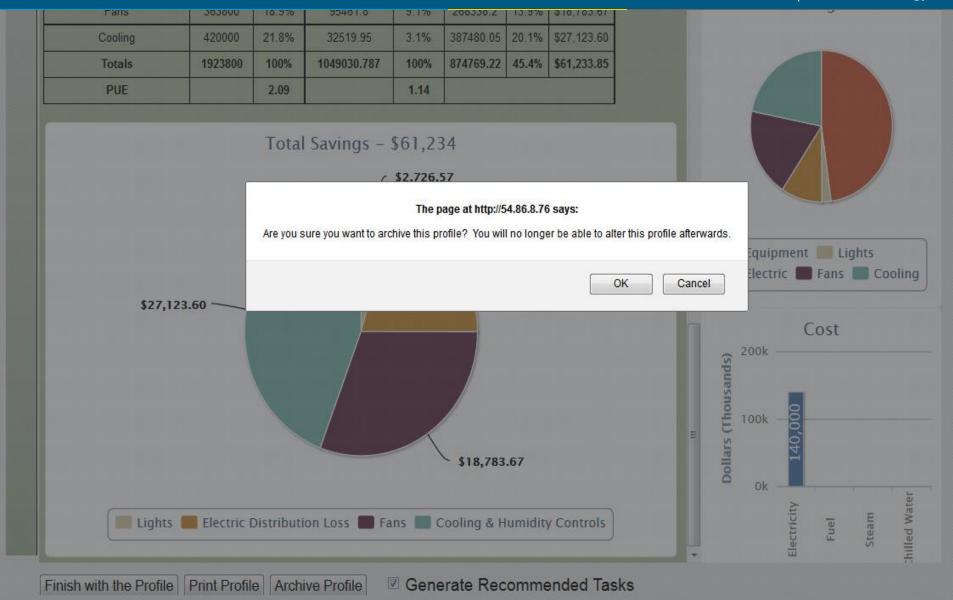


Print



Data Center Name	PUE
LBNL Test DC - California	2.09

1.1 Data Center General Information			
Profile Name:	GSA Building R		
Organization:	DOE		
Country:	United States of America		
Address:	CA 94720		
State/Region:	26		
County:	1484		
Climate Zone:	5A		
Floor Area (sq feet) - Data Center Space:	5000		
Floor Area (sq feet) - Data Center Support Space:	500		
Floor Area (sq feet) - Non Data Center Space:	500		
Total Facility Space:	0 sq feet		
Type of Data Center:	Government		
Data Center Tier (Uptime Institute definition):	Tier II		
Data Center Class:	A1		
1.2 Federal Data Center Consolidation Intiative (FDCCI)			
Data Center Function:	General		
Ownership Type:	Agency Owned		



# **FEMP Data Center Training Opportunities**

- ➤ No cost, no travel
- > Available 24/7
- Online, open-access courses

- > Expert Instructors
- > Self paced
- > CEUs



#### **Accredited Courses specifically on Data Centers:**

- Advanced HVAC in High-Tech Buildings Data Centers
- Advanced HVAC in High-Tech Buildings Laboratories
- Labs, Data Centers, and High-Tech Facilities
- Achieving Energy-Efficient Data Centers with New ASHRAE Thermal Guidelines

#### **Live Webinars (not IACET accredited)**

Data Center Profiler Tool Training

# **Data Center Energy Practitioner (DCEP) Program**

- FEMP supported training to prepare students to perform accurate assessments
- Provided by Professional Training Organizations
- Regular offerings
- Registration Cost

http://datacenters.lbl.gov/dcep





# Thank you!



FEMP Data Center Contact
Sean Morash
Sean.morash@ee.doe.gov

FEMP Data Center Program Lead
William Lintner
202.586.3120
william.lintner@ee.doe.gov